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A note to the reader

The following report presents the price statistics for July 2015.

- At the end of July 2015 the Consumer Price Index (CPI) shows an increase of 0.6% compared to the end of June 2015. The sector which affected the CPI the most was "Transport" (1.5%), which led to an effect of 0.27 percentage points (ppts) on the Δ CPI of July 2015 (0.6%).
- Compared to July 2014 the CPI increased by 0.9%. The sector which affected the CPI the most was "Housing" (4.9%). Specifically, the price of "Electricity, gas and other fuels" increased by 11.4% and caused an effect of 1.01 ppts on the end of period inflation of July 2015 (0.9%).
- The period average inflation for the period July 2014 July 2015 is 1.0%, which is 1.5 ppts higher compared to the period average inflation for the period July 2013 July 2014 (-0.5%).
- Utilities (Water and Electricity) did not register price changes in July 2015. The price of gasoline increased by 4.1% and caused an effect of 0.23 ppts. The price of diesel registered a decrease of 2.1% in July 2015 and had an effect of -0.01 ppt on the Δ CPI of July 2015 (0.6%).

This report is divided in 7 sections. An overview of the monthly percentage changes in the CPI and index per sector is presented in section 1. Section 2 provides the yearly percentage changes in the CPI and index per sector. The development of indices of main sectors and utilities is outlined in section 3. Section 4 presents the percentage change in the CPI of Aruba's major trading partners and compares the CPI of Aruba and the USA. Section 5 presents an overview of the monthly and yearly percentage changes of the core inflation. Section 6 presents the price movements in food & catering services. The development of the subsistence level is presented in section 7 and is followed by the appendices.

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1 Monthly change of the CPI

1.1 CPI and Inflation

The CPI of the total population of Aruba for the month of July 2015 is 119.18; an increase of 0.6% compared to the CPI of June 2015 (118.43). An overview of the percentage change in the CPI (Δ CPI) for different periods during 2014 and 2015 is shown in Table 1. The terms percentage change in the CPI and "inflation" (deflation) are considered similar and are used interchangeably. The inflation over the last 12 months (end of period inflation) is 0.9%, while the inflation over a period of 24 months (period average inflation) is 1.0%.

Table 1: Overview of Δ CPI

		% Changes		Index	
Period		2015	2014	Current	Last
Monthly	Jun - Jul	0.6	0.5	119.18	118.43
Year-to-date	Dec - Jul	-0.3	1.0	119.18	119.52
Last 12 months ¹	Jul - Jul	0.9	0.7	119.18	118.16
Last 24 months ²	Jul - Jul	1.0	-0.5	118.42	117.21

Source: Central Bureau of Statistics Aruba

Figure 1 depicts the monthly Δ CPI over a period of one year starting from July 2014, whereas the Δ CPI for the month July for the years 2006 to 2015 is illustrated in Figure 2.

1.2 Changes in sector

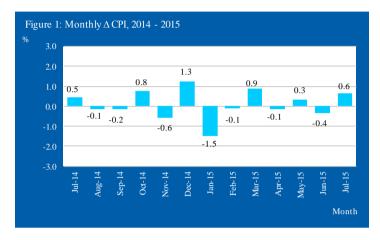
Figure 3 provides an overview of the percentage changes for the indices per sector for July 2015. The percentage change in index is further denoted as Δ I. The largest Δ I is observed for the sector "Transport" with an increase of 1.5%.

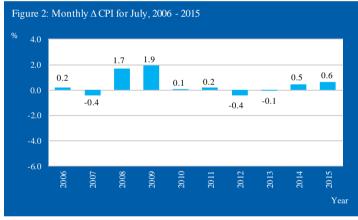
1.3 Changes in categories and subcategories

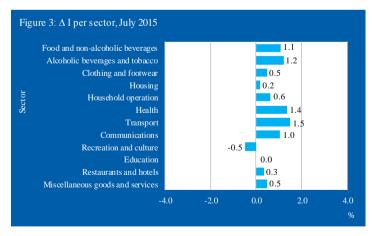
The largest positive and negative Δ I is seen in the categories "Operation of personal transport equipment" (3.3%) and "Holidays" (-12.4%). In the "Food and non-alcoholic beverages" sector increases of 1.2% and 0.6% are observed for the categories "Food" and "Non-alcoholic beverages", respectively. In the "Transport" sector the major Δ I is observed for the category "Transport services" (-4.2%), mainly caused by a decrease in "Plane tickets" (-6.1%). In the "Recreation and culture" sector the major Δ I is observed for the category "Holidays" (-12.4%)¹.

The categories which influenced the CPI calculation the most are "Operation of personal transport equipment", "Food" and "Holidays", which had an effect of respectively, 0.25, 0.14 and -0.09 ppts on the Δ CPI. Reference is made to tables 16 and 17 in Appendices 1 and 2. Table 16 provides an overview of the indices for the months July 2014, December 2014, June 2015 and July 2015 together with corresponding weights per sector and the

monthly, year-to-date (ytd), end of period and period average percentage changes for July 2015. In table 17 an overview of the effect on the monthly, ytd, end of period and period average CPI per sector and category for July 2015 is presented. The course of indices for 2009 – up to July 2015 is illustrated in Appendix 5.







¹ End of period inflation

² Period average inflation

¹ The focus is on the four major sectors which are: Housing, Transport, Food and non-alcoholic beverages and Recreation and culture. Together these sectors form 64% of the total weight of the basket of goods and services.

S Consumer Price Index Aruba End of period change July 2015

2 End of period change of the CPI

2.1 End of period change CPI for July 2015

The CPI increased from 118.16 in July 2014 to 119.18 in July 2015, an increase of 0.9%. This Δ CPI is the second highest registered over a period of 5 years for the month July, and is 0.2 ppts higher than the Δ CPI registered in 2014 (0.7%) (see table 2).

Table 2: End of period Δ CPI for July, 2011 - 2015

Δ СРΙ	Index
5.0	120.27
0.4	120.70
-2.8	117.35
0.7	118.16
0.9	119.18
	5.0 0.4 -2.8 0.7

Source: Central Bureau of Statistics Aruba

2.2 Changes in sector

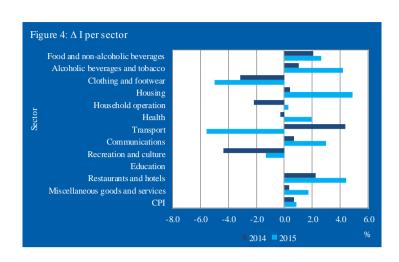
An overview of the percentage change per sector over the period July 2014 - July 2015 is presented in table 3. The largest Δ I is observed for the sector "Transport" with a decrease of 5.6%. An increase is seen in the "Housing" (4.9%) sector, which is mainly caused by an increase in the category "Electricity, gas and other fuels" (11.4%). Furthermore, increases of 4.4% and 4.2% are observed for the "Restaurants and hotels" and "Alcoholic beverages and tobacco" sectors. A comparison of the Δ I's for the years 2014 and 2015 is provided in figure 4.

Table 3: Percentage change for July, 2014 - 2015

Sector	% Change			
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	2.6			
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	4.2			
Clothing and footwear	-5.0			
Housing	4.9			
Household operation	0.3			
Health	2.0			
Transport	-5.6			
Communications	3.0			
Recreation and culture	-1.3			
Education	0.0			
Restaurants and hotels	4.4			
Miscellaneous goods and services	1.7			
СРІ	0.9			
Source: Central Bureau of Statistics Aruba				

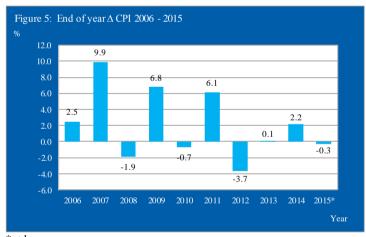
2.3 Changes in categories

The largest positive and negative Δ I in categories observed over a period of one year are respectively, "Electricity, gas and other fuels" (11.4%) and "Transport services" (-16.2%). For an overview of the end of period percentage changes per category refer to table 16 in Appendix 1.



2.4 End of year change CPI 2006 - 2015

The end of year \triangle CPI for the period 2006 - 2015 is shown in figure 5. The Δ CPI for 2015 is calculated by comparing the CPI of July 2015 with the CPI of December 2014. At the end of each year, the end of year percentage change equals the ytd Δ CPI. The ytd Δ CPI for July 2015 is -0.3%.



*ytd

2.5 Period average change CPI for July 2015

The period average change CPI (Δ ACPI) for July 2015 is 1.0%. Table 4 provides an overview of the Δ ACPI for the month July for the years 2011 to 2015. The Δ ACPI for 2015 increased by 1.5 ppts compared to 2014.

Table 4: Overview of Δ ACPI for July, 2011 - 2015

Period	Δ ΑСΡΙ	Index
2010-2011	1.5	116.36
2011-2012	4.4	121.50
2012-2013	-3.1	117.75
2013-2014	-0.5	117.22
2014-2015	1.0	118.42

3 Development of indices of main sectors and utilities

3.1 Indices main sectors

The four major sectors, "Housing", "Transport", "Food and nonalcoholic beverages" and "Recreation and culture", constitute 64% of the total weight of the basket of goods and services, which are observed on a monthly basis. An overview of the course of indices for 2009 - up to July 2015 per sector and for the CPI is provided in figures 9-1 to 9-12 in Appendix 5.

Changes in the indices of the sectors "Housing" and "Transport" are mainly the result of changes in the international oil prices and prices of utilities during the respective months. The development of crude oil, fuel surcharge, electricity, water, gasoline and diesel prices is provided in table 5 and in the adjoining figures 6-1 and

Table 5: Prices of utilities, gasoline and diesel, 2013 - 2014

Month	Crude oil per barrel ¹	Fuel surcharge ² ≤ 500 kWh	Fuel surcharge ² 501-1000 kWh	Electricity ³	Water ⁴	Gasoline ⁵	Diesel ⁵
Jul-14	103.87	24.60	30.90	306.75	137.05	240.40	205.10
Aug-14	97.61	24.60	30.90	306.75	137.05	233.60	201.60
Sep-14	93.29	24.60	30.90	306.75	137.05	229.30	200.90
Oct-14	85.07	30.52	32.56	342.59	137.05	222.80	195.40
Nov-14	75.62	30.52	32.56	342.59	137.05	201.90	184.50
Dec-14	59.95	30.52	32.56	342.59	137.05	196.70	181.30
Jan-15	48.21	30.52	32.56	342.59	137.05	168.80	152.50
Feb-15	50.64	30.52	32.56	342.59	137.05	161.70	141.90
Mar-15	47.79	30.52	32.56	342.59	137.05	177.40	155.50
Apr-15	52.90	30.52	32.56	342.59	137.05	180.90	150.40
May-15	58.97	30.52	32.56	342.59	137.05	189.40	153.10
Jun-15	59.91	30.52	32.56	342.59	137.05	196.20	160.60
Jul-15	51.82	30.52	32.56	342.59	137.05	204.30	157.30

Source: Central Bureau of Statistics Aruba

3.2 Electricity

The price of electricity is determined in Aruban florins (Afl.) for an average usage by households. The average usage is 725.5 kWh per month. The electricity price for an average consumption of 725.5 kWh did not change in July 2015, it remained at Afl. 342.59. Figure 6-1 provides an overview of the course of changes in the electricity price for the period 2009 to 2015.

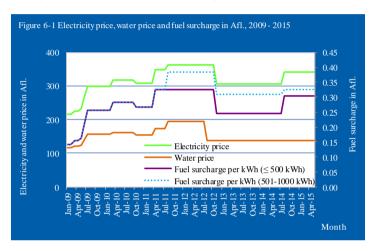
The component in the electricity tariff which is sensitive to price changes is the fuel surcharge (brandstofclausule). Fuel surcharge for a usage of electricity up to 500 kWh surcharge did not change in July 2015, it stayed at Afl. 30.52 cents per kWh. Fuel surcharge for a usage of electricity between 501 - 1000 kWh did not change in July 2015, it stayed at Afl. 32.56 cents per kWh.

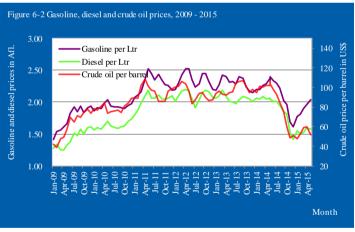
3.3 Water

The price of water is determined in Afl. for an average usage (water consumption) by households. Figure 6-1 provides an overview of the course of changes in the water price for the period 2009 to 2015. The water price for an average usage by households did not change in July 2015, it remained at Afl. 137.05.

3.4 Gasoline and Diesel

The retail price of gasoline increased by 4.1% from 196.2 cents per liter in June 2015 to 204.3 cents per liter in July 2015. In July 2015, the retail price of diesel registered a decrease of 2.1% from 160.6 cents per liter in June 2015 to 157.3 cents per liter.





¹ Average West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude oil price per barrel in US\$ (Source: U.S.

Energy Information Administration)

² Fuel surcharge in Afl. cents per kWh 3 Electricty price in Afl.

⁴ Water price in Afl.

⁵ Gasoline and diesel prices in Afl. cents per liter

4 Percentage change CPI of Aruba's major trading partners

4.1 Comparison of the CPI of Aruba and the USA

Table 6 provides an overview of the Δ CPI of Aruba's major trading partners starting from July 2014. In July 2015 the Δ CPI of the USA, Curação and the Netherlands were respectively 0.0%, 1.1% and 0.8%

Table 6: Monthly Δ CPI 2014 - 2015 per Country

Period	Aruba	USA	Curaçao	Netherlands
Jul-14	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.8
Aug-14	-0.1	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Sep-14	-0.2	0.1	-0.3	0.0
Oct-14	0.8	-0.3	-0.2	-0.1
Nov-14	-0.6	-0.5	0.7	-0.6
Dec-14	1.3	-0.6	-0.6	-0.2
Jan-15	-1.5	-0.5	-0.3	-0.9
Feb-15	-0.1	0.4	-1.0	0.5
Mar-15	0.9	0.7	-0.5	1.1
Apr-15	-0.1	0.1	0.0	0.6
May-15	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.2
Jun-15	-0.4	0.4	0.5	-0.4
Jul-15	0.6	0.0	1.1	0.8

Source: CBS Aruba, Bureau of Labor Statistics (USA),

CBS Curação and CBS Netherlands

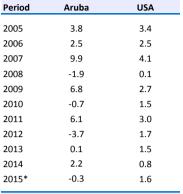
The USA is considered Aruba's largest trading partner². Table 7 provides an overview of the Δ CPI for Aruba and the USA for 2015. Aruba's monthly Δ CPI for July 2015 is 0.6 ppts higher than the \triangle CPI of the USA.

Table 7: Overview of Δ CPI, 2015

Period		Aruba	USA
Monthly	Jun - Jul	0.6	0.0
Year-to-date	Dec - Jul	-0.3	1.6
Last 12 months ¹	Jul - Jul	0.9	0.2
Last 24 months ²	Jul - Jul	1.0	0.6

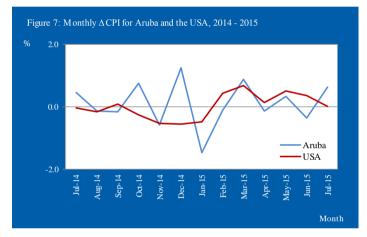
Source: Central Bureau of Statistics Aruba

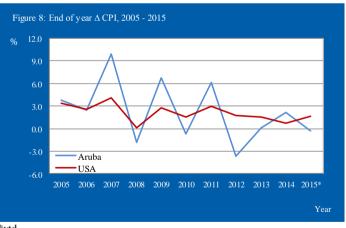
The Δ CPI of Aruba over the last 12 months is 0.7 ppts higher compared to the USA's 12-month Δ CPI. The Δ CPI over the last 24 months for Aruba is 0.4 ppts higher than the Δ CPI of the USA. The monthly inflation for both Aruba and the USA is depicted in figure 7 over a period of one year. Furthermore, an overview of the end of year Δ CPI over the period 2005 - 2015 for Aruba and the USA is provided in table 8 and figure 8.



Source: Central Bureau of Statistics Aruba

* ytd





^{*}ytd

¹ End of period inflation

² Period average inflation

 $^{^2\,}$ "60% of Aruba's import by sea and air originates from the USA" (Source: Foreign Trade Statistics Report, 3rd Quarter 2014).

5 Core inflation

5.1 Core inflation

Core inflation is a measure of inflation which excludes certain items that face volatile price movements e.g. food products and energy. By calculating the core inflation these more volatile components are eliminated from the inflation. Core inflation indices serve to assess the mid- and long-term trend of the overall price level. For the purpose of adjusting monetary policy, many economists focus more intently on the core rate of inflation, as this allows for an in-depth assessment of inflationary processes ongoing in the economy.

5.2 Monthly change of the core inflation

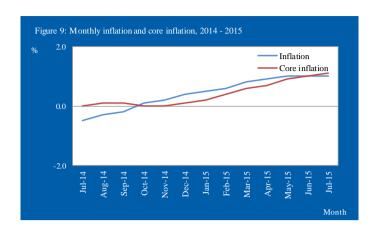
In July 2015 the core inflation (measured over the period July 2014 - 2015) was 1.1%, an increase of 1.1 ppts compared to July 2014. In July 2015 the food index shows an increase of 3.7%, while the energy index shows a decrease of 0.6%. Over the past year the food index increased by 3.3 ppts and the energy index increased by 2.0 ppts. Table 9 provides an overview of the monthly inflation and core inflation starting from July 2014.

Table 9: Monthly inflation and core inflation, 2014 - 2015

Period	Inflation	Food	Energy ²	Core Inflation
Jul-14	-0.5	0.4	-2.6	0.0
Aug-14	-0.3	0.6	-2.1	0.1
Sep-14	-0.2	0.8	-1.5	0.1
Oct-14	0.1	1.2	-0.2	0.0
Nov-14	0.2	1.6	0.2	0.0
Dec-14	0.4	2.2	0.5	0.1
Jan-15	0.5	2.7	0.2	0.2
Feb-15	0.6	3.2	0.0	0.4
Mar-15	0.8	3.4	0.0	0.6
Apr-15	0.9	3.6	-0.1	0.7
May-15	1.0	3.7	-0.3	0.9
Jun-15	1.0	3.6	-0.4	1.0
Jul-15	1.0	3.7	-0.6	1.1

Source: Central Bureau of Statistics Aruba

The monthly inflation and core inflation for Aruba is shown in figure 9 over a period of one year starting from July 2014.



5.3 End of year change of the core inflation, 2010 - 2015

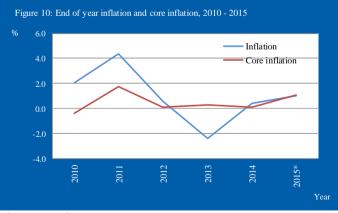
The end of year core inflation of the total population of Aruba for the year 2015 (up to July) is 1.1%, 1.0 ppt higher than the core inflation of 2014. Table 10 provides an overview of the end of year inflation and core inflation over the period 2010 - 2015.

The end of year inflation and core inflation is presented in figure 10 over the period 2010 - 2015.

Table 10: End of year core inflation, 2010 - 2015

Period	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015*
Inflation	2.1	4.4	0.6	-2.4	0.4	1.0
Food	-2.7	4.5	2.5	0.0	2.2	3.7
Electricity	18.0	10.3	2.5	-13.3	2.9	9.7
Water	14.0	11.5	-3.6	-19.9	0.0	0.0
Gasoline and diesel	10.6	18.9	2.7	-2.5	-2.3	-13.9
Core inflation	-0.4	1.7	0.1	0.3	0.1	1.1

^{*}current month



^{*}current month

¹ Period average inflation

² Energy : Electricity, water, gasoline and diesel

6 Development of Food & catering services

6.1 Monthly change of Food & catering services for **July 2015**

The "Food & catering services" index shows an increase of 0.9% in July 2015, after a decrease of 0.4% in June 2015. The index for "Food at home" shows an increase of 1.1% in July, as nine of the eleven "Food at home" indices increased in July 2015. The "Fish and other seafood" index registered the largest increase (3.8%) in July 2015. Furthermore, increases of 1.8%, 1.6% and 1.4% were posted in the indices for "Fruit", "Potatoes and other tubers" and "Meat", respectively. The "Sugar, jam, honey and other confectionery" index registered the largest decrease (-2.2%). Furthermore, a decrease of 1.1% was posted in the index for "Vegetables".

Table 11 provides an overview of the corresponding weights per food group together with the percentage changes and effect for July 2015.

Table 11: Percentage change of Food for July 2015

Food	Weight	% Change	Effect
Food & catering services	1,492.8	0.9	0.16
Food at home	1,125.3	1.1	0.15
Bread and cereals	205.2	1.3	0.03
Meat	229.8	1.4	0.04
Fish and other seafood	56.4	3.8	0.02
Milk, cheese and eggs	140.0	1.3	0.02
Oils and fats	31.6	1.3	0.01
Fruit	72.0	1.8	0.03
Potatoes and other tubers	18.5	1.6	0.00
Vegetables	75.7	-1.1	-0.01
Sugar, jam, honey and other confectionery	49.6	-2.2	-0.01
Food products n.e.c.	82.7	1.0	0.01
Non-alcoholic beverages	163.9	0.6	0.01
Food away from home	367.5	0.3	0.01

Source: Central Bureau of Statistics Aruba

Reference is made to table 18 in Appendix 3. Table 18 provides an overview of the monthly and end of period percentage changes and effect for July 2015 for the food groups.

In July 2015, "Food at home" and "Food away from home" as a group show an increase in price of 0.9% compared to June 2015, and had an influence of 0.16 ppts on the CPI, while the remaining goods and services, as a group, experienced an increase in price of 0.6%, causing an effect of 0.47 ppts on the CPI.

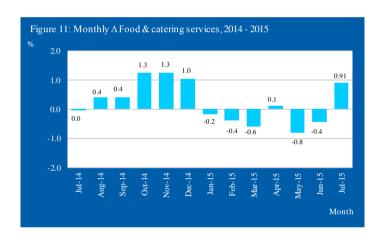
An overview of the percentage change and effect for "Food at home" and "Food away from home" for July 2015 is presented in table 12.

Table 12: Effect on the CPI of July 2015 of "Food at home" and "Food away from home"

Weight	% Change	Effect
1,125.3	1.1	0.15
367.5	0.3	0.01
1,492.8	0.9	0.16
8,507.2	0.6	0.47
10,000.0	0.6	0.63
	1,125.3 367.5 1,492.8 8,507.2	367.5 0.3 1,492.8 0.9 8,507.2 0.6

Source: Central Bureau of Statistics Aruba

Figure 11 depicts the monthly Δ Food and catering services over a period of one year starting from July 2014.



6.2 End of Period change of Food & catering services for July 2015

Over the last 12 months the "Food & catering services" index has increased by 3.0%. The "Food at home" index shows an increase of 2.6%. The "Fruit" index increased by 9.9%, the largest increase among the "Food at home" food groups, while the "Sugar, jam, honey and other confectionery" index shows the largest decrease (-2.3%). The index for "Food away from home" shows an increase of 0.3% in July 2015, after a decrease of 0.1% in June 2015 and has increased by 4.4% over the last 12 months.

7 Subsistence level

7.1 Subsistence level

The subsistence level is the minimum level of income which is perceived necessary to achieve an adequate standard of living in a given country. The subsistence level is usually determined by estimating the cost of all the essential resources that an average adult consumes in one month or year. This is commonly called a basic needs index, and varies according to the price of food, clothing, housing, transport and other items in the "basket". Equivalence scales are used to adjust for the assumed standard of living, of households of different sizes and composition. The scale assigns a weight of 1.0 for the first adult and 0.5 for each additional adult in the household (aged 15+) and a weight of 0.3 for each child (aged 0-14 years). The subsistence level is based on figures of the report "Bestaansminimum 2010" published by the CBS in December 2010 and is monthly updated for inflation using the monthly CPI. The reference unit used in this report is one of a household consisting of two adults and two children (aged 0-14

7.2 Monthly change of the subsistence level for July

Table 13 provides an overview of the subsistence level for a family of two adults and two children (aged 0-14 years) by sector registered over a period of 5 years for the month July. Over a period of one year the subsistence level increased by Afl. 88, from Afl. 4,298 in July 2014 to Afl. 4,386 in July 2015. The "Housing" sector shows the largest increase (Afl. 67) over this period.

Table 13: Monthly subsistence level in Aruba (in Afl.) by sector for a family of 2 adults and 2 children (aged 0-14 years) for April, 2011 - 2015

Sector	Jul-11	Jul-12	Jul-13	Jul-14	Jul-15
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	1,478	1,516	1,508	1,539	1,580
Clothing and footwear	308	284	261	253	240
Housing	1,465	1,524	1,366	1,372	1,439
Household operation	143	136	134	131	131
Health	66	68	68	68	69
Transport	256	251	259	270	255
Communications	123	123	123	124	128
Recreation and culture	189	183	188	180	177
Education	62	63	63	63	63
Miscellaneous goods and services	295	295	298	299	304
Total	4,385	4,441	4,267	4,298	4,386

Source: Central Bureau of Statistics Aruba

An overview of the subsistence level, for the most common family types, over the period July 2014 - July 2015 is presented in table 14.

Table 14: Subsistence level in Aruba (in Afl.) by family size and composition, June 2015 (Base period December 2010)

	Equivalence scales									
	1	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.1					
	1 adult	1 adult	2 adults	2 adults	2 adults					
Period		+ 1 child		+ 1 child	+ 2 children					
Jul-14	2,047	2,661	3,070	3,684	4,298					
Aug-14	2,048	2,662	3,072	3,686	4,301					
Sep-14	2,053	2,669	3,079	3,695	4,311					
Oct-14	2,084	2,709	3,126	3,751	4,376					
Nov-14	2,090	2,716	3,134	3,761	4,388					
Dec-14	2,110	2,743	3,165	3,797	4,430					
Jan-15	2,097	2,726	3,145	3,774	4,403					
Feb-15	2,091	2,719	3,137	3,764	4,392					
Mar-15	2,090	2,717	3,135	3,762	4,389					
Apr-15	2,090	2,717	3,134	3,761	4,388					
May-15	2,086	2,712	3,130	3,756	4,382					
Jun-15	2,075	2,698	3,113	3,735	4,358					
Jul-15	2,089	2,715	3,133	3,759	4,386					

Source: Central Bureau of Statistics Aruba

7.3 Comparison of the subsistence level and minimum wage

In July 2015 the subsistence level for a single adult household is Afl. 2,089, which represents an income deficit of Afl. 452, an increase of Afl. 42 compared to the deficit observed one year ago (Afl. 410). This deficit is the third highest registered over a period of five years for the month July.

Tabel 15: Monthly income surplus/deficit (in Afl.) for a single adult household for July, 2011 - 2015

		Minimum	
Period	1 adult	wage	Surplus/deficit
2011	2,088	1,543	-545
2012	2,115	1,605	-510
2013	2,032	1,637	-395
2014	2,047	1,637	-410
2015	2,089	1,637	-452



Table 16: Monthly & Yearly Changes (%) in the Consumer Price Index for July 2015, Total Population (Dec 2006 = 100)

DESCRIPTION	WEIGHT		2014	2015	2015	Monthly	Ytd	End of period	Period ave
	coefficient	Jul	Dec	Jun	Jul	Jun - Jul	Dec - Jul	Jul 14 - Jul 15	Jul 14 - Ju
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	1,125.3	143.59	151.14	145.79	147.37	1.1	-2.5	2.6	3.8
Food	961.4	145.31	153.42	147.15	148.86	1.2	-3.0	2.4	3.7
Non-alcoholic beverages	163.9	133.51	137.71	137.80	138.67	0.6	0.7	3.9	4.5
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	81.9	140.07	141.72	144.21	145.96	1.2	3.0	4.2	2.4
Alcoholic beverages for consumption at home	59.3	118.10	119.82	120.97	122.28	1.1	2.1	3.5	2.0
Tobacco	22.6	197.68	199.14	205.14	208.06	1.4	4.5	5.3	3.1
Clothing and footwear	625.9	92.65	92.23	87.60	88.03	0.5	-4.6	-5.0	-2.1
Clothing	550.4	94.17	93.66	88.89	89.38	0.6	-4.6	-5.1	-1.8
Footwear	75.5	81.56	81.83	78.21	78.16	-0.1	-4.5	-4.2	-4.5
Housing	2,553.3	131.09	137.02	137.27	137.50	0.2	0.4	4.9	4.2
Actual rentals for housing	854.2	146.25	147.30	148.58	148.79	0.1	1.0	1.7	1.8
Maintenance and repair of the dwelling	444.6	101.53	106.80	105.96	106.66	0.7	-0.1	5.0	4.3
Water supply and miscellaneous services relating to the dwelling	505.7	119.95	119.96	119.80	119.95	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Electricity, gas and other fuels	748.8	138.89	154.74	154.74	154.78	0.0	0.0	11.4	9.5
Household operation	741.3	96.52	95.27	96.17	96.79	0.6	1.6	0.3	-1.3
Furniture, furnishings, carpets and other floor coverings	142.1	59.05	54.74	54.68	53.86	-1.5	-1.6	-8.8	-9.9
Household textiles	69.5	107.10	100.91	112.43	115.90	3.1	14.9	8.2	-2.4
Household appliances	111.3	68.11	67.52	66.36	67.94	2.4	0.6	-0.3	-3.1
Glassware, tableware and household utensils	31.8	73.55	67.90	63.71	63.89	0.3	-5.9	-13.1	-11.
Tools and equipment for house and garden	40.0	88.33	86.47	77.60	79.03	1.8	-8.6	-10.5	-5.2
oods and services for routine household maintenance and cleaning	346.6	121.94	123.19	124.62	124.90	0.2	1.4	2.4	2.0
Health	235.8	93.59	94.10	94.14	95.42	1.4	1.4	2.0	0.9
Medical products, appliances and equipment	140.3	98.35	99.06	99.43	101.19	1.8	2.1	2.9	1.1
Out-patient services	57.2	81.36	81.36	81.36	81.53	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0
Other health products and services	38.3	94.44	94.94	93.86	95.02	1.2	0.1	0.6	1.2
Transport	1,815.4	125.15	118.15	116.43	118.19	1.5	0.0	-5.6	-3.1
Purchase of vehicles			109.82			1.0	0.9	1.9	1.2
Operation of personal transport equipment			124.70			2.9	3.4	-9.3	-8.5
Transport services			125.85			-4.2	-20.8	-16.2	3.1
Communications	706.3	87.60	89.70	89.28	90.20	1.0	0.6	3.0	1.8
Postal services			116.86			1.0	1.0	1.7	0.6
Telephone and telefax equipment		29.86	28.25	29.50	30.48	3.3	7.9	2.1	10.
Telephone and telefax services		89.89	92.16	91.66	92.58	1.0	0.4	3.0	1.7
Recreation and culture	901.2	100 92	110.28	100 00	100 27	-0.5	-1.7	-1.3	- 2. 1
Audio-visual, photographic and information processing equipment			74.16			1.9	-10.8	-1.3	-13.
Other major durables for recreation and culture			41.11		46.23	1.0	12.4	-12.8	-13. -18.
Other recreational items and equipment; gardens and pets			137.43			0.7	1.3	-0.3	-10.
Recreational and cultural services			104.13			0.9	3.6	0.6	3.6
Newspapers, books and stationery			90.16			-1.4	-1.8	-4.3	-2.1
Holidays			144.79			-12.4	-23.4	3.6	-11.
Education	83.0	116 61	116.61	116 61	116 61	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pre primary and primary education			109.07			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Secondary education			116.94			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Post-secondary non-tertiary education			129.44			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tertiary education			126.23			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Education not definable by level			121.64			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Basharinanharinatharia	272 7	120 70	120.07	122.00	124 44	0.3	3.7		•
Restaurants and hotels Catering services			130.97 131.54			0.3 0.3	2.7 2.7	4.4 4.4	3. 4
Accommodation services			97.27			0.9	1.3	3.2	1.2
		400.00	407.15	407.55	402	٥-	6-	4-	
Miscellaneous goods and services			102.16			0.5	0.5	1.7	1.6
Personal care			119.11			0.5	-0.9	2.4	3.6
Personal effects n.e.c.			104.56			0.7	9.7	5.3	0.3
Social protection			132.55			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Insurance Financial services n.e.c.		96.24	85.12 97.54	96.57		0.3 0.7	0.3 -0.3	0.3 1.0	0.0
Other services n.e.c.			97.54			0.7	-0.3	1.0	0.8
				118.43		0.6	-0.3	0.9	1.0



Table 17: Monthly & Yearly Effect on the Consumer Price Index per sector and category for July 2015 (Dec 2006 = 100)

DESCRIPTION	WEIGHT coefficient	Monthly Jun - Jul	Ytd Dec - Jul	End of period Jul 14 - Jul 15	Period ave
Paradiana di Salah Makasan	1 135 3				
Food and non-alcoholic beverages Food	1,125.3 961.4	0.15 0.14	-0.35 -0.37	0.36 0.29	0.52 0.43
Non-alcoholic beverages	163.9	0.14	0.01	0.07	0.08
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	81.9	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.02
Alcoholic beverages for consumption at home	59.3	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01
Tobacco	22.6	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
Clothing and footwear	625.9	0.02	-0.22	-0.24	-0.10
Clothing	550.4	0.02	-0.20	-0.22	-0.08
Footwear	75.5	0.00	-0.02	-0.02	-0.02
Housing	2,553.3	0.05	0.10	1.38	1.19
Actual rentals for housing	854.2	0.02	0.11	0.18	0.19
Maintenance and repair of the dwelling Water supply and miscellaneous services relating to the dwelling	444.6 505.7	0.03 0.01	-0.01 0.00	0.19 0.00	0.17 0.00
Electricity, gas and other fuels	748.8	0.00	0.00	1.01	0.84
Electricity, gas and other racis	7 10.0	0.00	0.00	1.01	0.01
Household operation	741.3	0.04	0.09	0.02	-0.08
Furniture, furnishings, carpets and other floor coverings	142.1	-0.01	-0.01	-0.06	-0.07
Household textiles	69.5	0.02	0.09	0.05	-0.02
Household appliances	111.3	0.01	0.00	0.00	-0.02
Glassware, tableware and household utensils	31.8	0.00	-0.01	-0.03	-0.02
Tools and equipment for house and garden oods and services for routine household maintenance and cleaning	40.0 346.6	0.00 0.01	-0.02 0.05	-0.03 0.09	-0.02 0.07
	540.0	0.01	3.03	3.03	0.07
Health	235.8	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.02
Medical products, appliances and equipment	140.3	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.01
Out-patient services	57.2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other health products and services	38.3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Transport	1,815.4	0.27	0.01	-1.07	-0.70
Purchase of vehicles	811.4	0.08	0.06	0.14	0.09
Operation of personal transport equipment	840.1	0.25	0.30	-0.95	-0.83
Transport services	163.8	-0.06	-0.36	-0.27	0.04
Communications	706.3	0.05	0.03	0.16	0.09
Postal services	6.1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Telephone and telefax equipment	29.6	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
Telephone and telefax services	670.6	0.05	0.02	0.15	0.09
Recreation and culture	891.2	-0.04	-0.14	-0.11	-0.18
Audio-visual, photographic and information processing equipment	123.8	0.01	-0.08	-0.10	-0.12
Other major durables for recreation and culture	19.2	0.00	0.01	-0.01	-0.02
Other recreational items and equipment; gardens and pets	260.1	0.02	0.04	-0.01	-0.04
Recreational and cultural services	335.0	0.03	0.11	0.02	0.10
Newspapers, books and stationery	82.1	-0.01	-0.01	-0.03	-0.01
Holidays	71.0	-0.09	-0.20	0.02	-0.10
Education	83.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Pre primary and primary education	30.4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Secondary education	25.2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Post-secondary non-tertiary education	4.6	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Tertiary education	10.4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Education not definable by level	12.4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Restaurants and hotels	373.7	0.01	0.11	0.18	0.14
Catering services	367.5	0.01	0.11	0.18	0.14
Accommodation services	6.2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Miscellaneous goods and services	767.0	0.03	0.04	0.11	0.10
Personal care Personal effects n.e.c.	262.0 67.3	0.01 0.00	-0.02 0.06	0.06 0.03	0.09
Personal effects n.e.c. Social protection	28.7	0.00	0.06	0.03	0.00
Insurance	289.1	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00
		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Financial services n.e.c.	26.9	0.00			
	93.0	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01



Table 18: Monthly & Yearly Changes (%) and effect in the Food & catering services for July 2015, Total Population (Dec 2006 = 100)

		<u> % C</u>	hange	Effect		
CRIPTION	WEIGHT coefficient	Monthly Jun - Jul	End of period Jul 14 - Jul 15	Monthly Jun - Jul	End of period Jul 14 - Jul 15	
d & catering services	1,492.8	0.91	3.04	0.16	0.54	
Food at home	1,125.3	1.09	2.63	0.15	0.34	
	•					
Bread and cereals Rice	205.2 18.8	1.33 2.21	0.97 4.58	0.03 0.01	0.02 0.01	
Bread	98.1	1.13	1.88	0.01	0.02	
Pasta products	7.6	3.09	0.43	0.00	0.00	
Other cereals and cereal products	80.7	1.20	-1.22	0.01	-0.01	
Meat	229.8	1.43	3.33	0.04	0.10	
Bovine	44.7	0.40	4.52	0.00	0.02	
Swine	28.1	1.62	8.40	0.01	0.03	
Poultry	59.5	1.81	0.68	0.02	0.03	
Other meat and meat preparations	97.5	1.58	3.32	0.02	0.01	
Fish and other seafood Fish and seafood preparations	56.4 56.4	3.76 3.76	1.42 1.42	0.02 0.02	0.01 0.01	
Milk, cheese and eggs	140.0	1.34	-1.37	0.02	-0.02	
Milk	58.8	0.46	-3.18	0.00	-0.03	
Cheese	46.9	1.49	-2.42	0.01	-0.01	
Eggs	14.3	3.46	9.38	0.00	0.01	
Other milk products	19.9	3.89	4.14	0.01	0.01	
Oils and fats	31.6	1.31	3.29	0.01	0.01	
Butter and margarine	9.9	1.30	3.72	0.00	0.00	
Corn oil	9.4	1.29	3.48	0.00	0.00	
Other oils and fats	12.3	1.35	2.74	0.00	0.00	
Fruit	72.0	1.82	9.87	0.03	0.13	
Oranges, lemons and mandarins	11.1	-0.70	-12.50	0.00	-0.02	
Bananas and plantains	13.8	4.40	10.85	0.01	0.02	
Apples and pears	11.2	2.91	-10.03	0.00	-0.02	
	6.0	-5.74	-0.06			
Grapes				-0.01	0.00	
Melons and watermelons	6.7	0.98	28.26	0.00	0.05	
Nuts Other fruits and fruit products	6.9 16.4	1.43 3.00	6.50 20.75	0.00 0.01	0.00 0.09	
·						
Potatoes and other tubers	18.5	1.64	4.00	0.00	0.01	
Potatoes	11.2	1.61	2.62	0.00	0.00	
Sweet potatoes and yucca Other tubers	2.5 4.8	2.29 1.48	0.60 10.50	0.00	0.00 0.00	
Vegetables	75.7	-1.07	2.00	-0.01	0.02	
Lettuce	6.7	10.28	-3.85	0.01	0.00	
Celery and broccoli	6.3	-20.89	-4.22	-0.03	-0.01	
Tomatoes & peppers	15.5	5.44	9.04	0.01	0.01	
Onions	7.8	-2.20	-1.92	-0.01	-0.01	
Frozen vegetable mixtures	6.7	3.02	7.86	0.00	0.01	
Other vegetables	12.7	2.31	-1.64	0.00	0.00	
Other preserved or processed vegetables	20.0	2.24	6.37	0.01	0.02	
Sugar, jam, honey and other confectionery	49.6	-2.20	-2.34	-0.01	-0.01	
Sugar	14.4	-10.92	-15.59	-0.02	-0.02	
Jams and jellies	2.8	0.93	3.08	0.00	0.00	
Other confectionery products	32.4	1.73	4.07	0.01	0.01	
Food products n.e.c.	82.7	1.03	3.02	0.01	0.03	
Other food products	82.7	1.03	3.02	0.01	0.03	
Non-alcoholic beverages	163.9	0.63	3.87	0.01	0.07	
Coffee and tea	30.1	2.00	5.33	0.01	0.02	
Soft and sports drinks	49.7	0.97	4.52	0.00	0.02	
Fruit juices	61.0		2.24	0.00	0.02	
Other non-alcoholic beverages	23.1	-0.35 1.35	5.93	0.00	0.02	
Food away from home	367.5	0.33	4.41	0.01	0.18	
Food and beverage consumption away from home	367.5	0.33	4.41	0.01	0.18	
ner goods and services	8,507.2	0.57	0.39	0.47	0.32	
Other goods	5,147.2	0.96	0.08	0.47	0.04	
Other services	3,360.0	-0.02	0.87	-0.01	0.28	



Table 19: CPI: Main indices for July 2015, Total Population (Dec 2006 = 100)

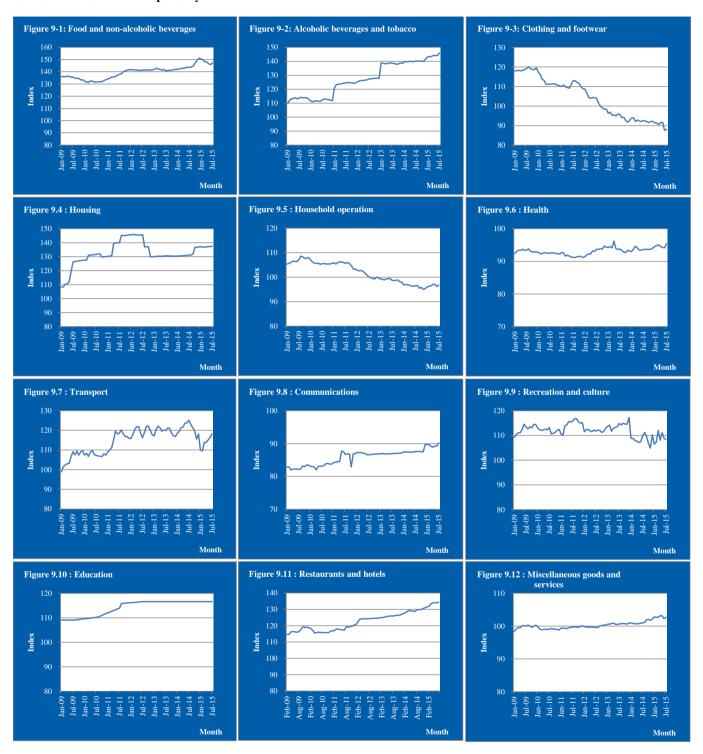
DESCRIPTION	WEIGHT	2014	2014	2015	2015	Monthly	Ytd	End of period	Period average
	coefficient	Jul	Dec	Jun	Jul	Jun - Jul	Dec - Jul	Jul 14 - Jul 15	Jul 14 - Jul 15
CPI for "All items"	10,000.0	118.16	119.52	118.43	119.18	0.6	-0.3	0.9	1.0
CPI for "Goods"	6,272.5	119.64	120.68	119.22	120.39	1.0	-0.2	0.6	0.6
CPI for "Durable goods"	1,293.2	94.40	94.24	93.55	94.51	1.0	0.3	0.1	-1.3
CPI for "Semi-durable goods"	954.1	94.12	92.89	90.55	91.23	0.8	-1.8	-3.1	-2.0
CPI for "Non-durable goods"	4,025.2	133.80	135.77	134.26	135.62	1.0	-0.1	1.4	1.4
CPI for "Services"	3,727.5	115.67	117.55	117.10	117.12	0.0	-0.4	1.3	1.8
CPI for "Gasoline" and "Diesel"	552.3	154.46	126.85	125.83	130.68	3.9	3.0	-15.4	-13.9
CPI excluding "Food and non-alcoholic beverages"	8,874.7	114.93	115.51	114.96	115.60	0.6	0.1	0.6	0.6
CPI excluding "Gasoline" and "Diesel"	9,447.7	116.04	119.09	118.00	118.50	0.4	-0.5	2.1	2.1
CPI excluding "Food and non-alcoholic beverages", "Gasoline" and "Diese	8,322.4	112.31	114.75	114.24	114.60	0.3	-0.1	2.0	1.9
CPI excluding "Rentals actually paid by tenants or subtenants"	9,145.8	115.54	116.92	115.61	116.41	0.7	-0.4	0.8	0.9
CPI excluding "Housing"	7,446.7	113.72	113.51	111.97	112.89	0.8	-0.5	-0.7	-0.2
CPI excluding "Gasoline", "Diesel", "Water" and "Electricity"	7,435.0	109.89	112.05	110.52	111.14	0.6	-0.8	1.1	1.4

Source: Central Bureau of Statistics Aruba

Table 20: CPI: Effect on main indices for July 2015, Total Population (Dec 2006 = 100)

DESCRIPTION	WEIGHT coefficient	Monthly Jun - Jul	Ytd Dec - Jul	End of period Jul 14 - Jul 15	Period average Jul 14 - Jul 15
CPI for "All items"	10,000.0	0.63	-0.28	0.86	1.03
CPI for "Goods"	6,272.5	0.62	-0.15	0.40	0.37
CPI for "Durable goods"	1,293.2	0.11	0.03	0.01	-0.13
CPI for "Semi-durable goods"	954.1	0.05	-0.13	-0.23	-0.15
CPI for "Non-durable goods"	4,025.2	0.46	-0.05	0.62	0.65
CPI for "Services"	3,727.5	0.01	-0.13	0.46	0.66
CPI for "Gasoline" and "Diesel"	552.3	0.23	0.18	-1.11	-0.96
CPI excluding "Food and non-alcoholic beverages"	8,874.7	0.48	0.07	0.50	0.51
CPI excluding "Gasoline" and "Diesel"	9,447.7	0.40	-0.46	1.97	1.99
CPI excluding "Food and non-alcoholic beverages", "Gasoline" and "Diese	8,322.4	0.25	-0.11	1.61	1.48
CPI excluding "Rentals actually paid by tenants or subtenants"	9,145.8	0.62	-0.39	0.68	0.84
CPI excluding "Housing"	7,446.7	0.58	-0.39	-0.52	-0.17
CPI excluding "Gasoline", "Diesel", "Water" and "Electricity"	7,435.0	0.39	-0.57	0.79	0.96

Course of Indices for 2009 up to July 2015



Glossary

The Consumer Price Index and Inflation

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) measures changes in prices of consumer goods and services by households. Consumer price indices can be intended to measure either the rate of price inflation or deflation as perceived by households or changes in their cost of living. In case of inflation, the percentage change is positive and it indicates a decrease in the purchasing power of the consumers.

Monthly percentage change

Percentage change in price indices of any aggregates of the CPI in relation to the respective price indices of the previous month.

Year-to-date (ytd)

Percentage change in price indices of any aggregates of the CPI in relation to the respective price indices of December prior to the year under review.

End of period inflation (last 12 months)

Percentage change in price indices of any aggregates of the CPI in relation to the respective price indices of the same month of the previous year.

Period average inflation (last 24 months)

The period average inflation is calculated by comparing the annual average CPI of the concerning period with the annual average CPI of the concerning period of the previous year.

Effect

Contribution of all percentage changes (of all respective aggregates) to the CPI.

Core inflation

Core inflation is a measure of inflation that excludes certain items which face volatile price movements. Core inflation eliminates the inflation of certain products that can have temporary price shocks because these shocks can diverge from the overall trend of inflation and give a false measure of inflation. The core rate of inflation is calculated by: total inflation excluding food and energy prices. In part, that is because the core is less volatile and reflects better the relationship of supply and demand in domestic product markets. The core usually is a better measure of the basic rate of inflation that will tend to emerge in the absence of supply shocks.

Food & catering services

The "Food & catering services" index is composed of the indices for the "Food & Non-alcoholic beverages" sector ("Food at home") and the "Catering services" ("Food away from home") category.

Subsistence level

The subsistence level is the minimum level of income which is perceived necessary to achieve an adequate standard of living in a given country. The subsistence level is usually determined by estimating the cost of all the essential resources that an average adult consumes in one month or year. This is commonly called a basic needs index, and varies according to the price of food, clothing, housing, transport and other items in the "basket". The subsistence level is monthly updated for inflation using the monthly CPI.